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Author for correspondence:

Djuni Farhan

E-mail: uniga@unigamalang.ac.id

The Role of Accountant Competencies in Improving Financial Statement Quality in Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs): A Case Study Analysis

<sup>1</sup>Djuni Farhan, <sup>2</sup>Yosar Haritsar, <sup>3</sup>Dadieng Kurniawan

Gajayana University Malang

This study investigates the role of accountant competencies in enhancing the quality of financial statements within small and medium enterprises (SMEs), using a qualitative case study approach. Given the unique challenges that SMEs face, such as limited resources and varying levels of financial expertise, the competencies of accountants are critical for producing accurate, reliable, and relevant financial information. Through in-depth interviews with accountants and SME owners, this research explores how skills such as financial reporting knowledge, regulatory compliance, ethical standards, and analytical ability contribute to the preparation of high-quality financial statements. The findings reveal that accountants with a comprehensive understanding of financial principles and adherence to ethical practices can significantly reduce errors, increase transparency, and improve financial decision-making within SMEs. Additionally, the study highlights that continuous professional development and training in regulatory updates are essential for maintaining high competency levels among accountants in SMEs. This research underscores the importance of building accountant competencies to support sustainable growth and financial stability in SMEs. The insights gained from this study provide practical recommendations for SME owners, accounting professionals, and policymakers to prioritize skill development and professional standards in the accounting practices of SMEs, contributing to broader economic resilience and growth.

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## 1. Introduction

The quality of financial statements is fundamental to the success and sustainability of small and medium enterprises (SMEs), which are crucial drivers of economic growth and job creation globally (Beck & Demirguc-Kunt, 2006). Financial statements provide SMEs with a clear view of their financial health, enabling them to make informed decisions, attract investors, and maintain compliance with regulatory bodies. However, many SMEs face challenges in producing high-quality financial statements due to resource constraints and limited financial expertise, which often results in errors, non-compliance, and reduced decision-making accuracy (Jindrichovska, 2013). This reality underscores the importance of competent accountants who possess the knowledge and skills required to generate accurate and reliable financial information that meets both regulatory and managerial needs.

Despite recognition of the importance of financial statement quality, there is a notable gap in research on the specific competencies that accountants need to enhance financial reporting quality within SMEs. While studies have addressed the role of accounting practices in corporate settings, few have examined the unique challenges faced by SMEs, where the financial expertise of accountants can directly impact the quality and reliability of financial statements (Gherai & Balaciu, 2011). Current literature predominantly focuses on large corporations, neglecting the unique resource and skill limitations of SMEs, thus highlighting a gap in understanding the specific accountant competencies that can effectively address these challenges (Albu et al., 2011).

The urgency of this research lies in the fact that inadequate financial statement quality can have significant repercussions for SMEs, including financial mismanagement, reduced access to credit, and potential business failure. As SMEs increasingly participate in competitive markets and face more stringent regulatory requirements, the demand for accurate and high-quality financial reporting has become more pronounced (Hillary, 2017). By identifying and cultivating essential accounting competencies, SMEs can improve their financial statement quality, thereby enhancing their resilience and potential for growth in an increasingly complex business environment.

Previous studies have explored the role of financial literacy and accounting practices in improving transparency and accuracy in financial reporting among SMEs (Maseko & Manyani, 2011). Research has demonstrated that technical knowledge, ethical standards, and familiarity with financial regulations are key factors that influence the quality of financial statements (Nkundabanyanga et al., 2014). However, limited studies provide a comprehensive view of the competencies required by accountants specifically within the

SME context, leaving a gap in actionable insights that could guide SMEs in fostering these competencies for better financial outcomes (Omar & Simon, 2011).

This study presents a novel approach by using a case study analysis to examine the competencies of accountants within SMEs, focusing on how these skills directly contribute to improved financial statement quality. Unlike previous studies that primarily address corporate settings, this research provides insights specific to SMEs, exploring the nuanced competencies that align with their unique operational constraints and financial reporting needs. This approach enables a deeper understanding of the role of accountant competencies in improving financial reporting within the SME sector, where resources and expertise may differ significantly from larger firms (Albu et al., 2011).

The primary objective of this study is to identify the specific accountant competencies that are most influential in enhancing the quality of financial statements within SMEs. The findings are expected to benefit SME owners, accounting professionals, and policymakers by offering practical guidance on competency development that can support better financial reporting. By improving the quality of financial statements, SMEs can strengthen their financial management, facilitate access to financing, and contribute to overall economic resilience. This research thus provides a foundation for future studies on competency-based approaches to financial management within SMEs, aiming to promote sustainable growth and financial stability in the sector.

# 2. Method

This study employs a qualitative research approach using a case study design to explore the role of accountant competencies in improving the quality of financial statements within small and medium enterprises (SMEs). A qualitative case study approach is well-suited to this research as it enables an in-depth understanding of complex phenomena in real-life contexts, particularly when studying behaviors, perceptions, and organizational practices within SMEs (Yin, 2018). Through this design, the study seeks to capture nuanced insights from both accountants and SME owners about the specific competencies that impact financial reporting quality.

The data sources for this study comprise primary data collected through semi-structured interviews with a purposive sample of accountants and SME owners. Participants were selected based on their experience in financial reporting within SMEs, ensuring a relevant perspective on the influence of accountant competencies on financial statement quality. This

purposive sampling approach allowed for the inclusion of participants with diverse backgrounds in accounting, capturing a range of experiences and insights (Creswell & Poth, 2018). Additionally, secondary data from organizational documents, such as internal financial reports, were analyzed to corroborate interview findings and enhance the validity of the data collected.

Data collection was conducted through semi-structured interviews, allowing flexibility to probe into specific competencies and their perceived effects on financial statement quality. This method provides in-depth responses while allowing participants to elaborate on their experiences with financial reporting challenges and practices. The interviews were conducted either in person or via digital communication tools, depending on participant availability and location, and were recorded and transcribed for accuracy (Kvale & Brinkmann, 2015). Supplementary organizational documents, including financial reports and audit summaries, were also reviewed to gain a comprehensive understanding of the financial reporting environment within the participating SMEs.

The data analysis was performed using thematic analysis, a method that allows for the systematic identification of patterns and themes within qualitative data. Following Braun and Clarke's (2006) six-step process, the interview transcripts and document data were coded and categorized to identify key competencies and their impacts on financial statement quality. Initial coding involved identifying repeated phrases and concepts related to accountant skills, accuracy, and compliance, which were then grouped into broader themes such as technical expertise, ethical practices, and regulatory knowledge. These themes were reviewed and refined to ensure they accurately represented the data, providing a comprehensive view of the competencies that contribute to high-quality financial statements (Braun & Clarke, 2006).

By employing a case study approach, this research provides in-depth insights into the competencies that accountants require to enhance financial reporting quality within SMEs. The combination of interviews and document analysis strengthens the findings and offers a robust understanding of how specific skills and practices contribute to improved financial statement quality, serving as a foundation for future research on competency development within the SME sector.

# 3. Result and Discussion

The analysis reveals that accountant competencies play a crucial role in enhancing the quality of financial statements within SMEs. Key competencies identified include technical expertise in financial reporting, ethical standards, regulatory compliance, and analytical skills. Accountants who possess strong technical knowledge in financial reporting are able to produce more accurate and reliable financial statements, which is critical for decision-making and gaining stakeholders' trust. Participants highlighted that technical skills allow accountants to handle complex financial data, ensure compliance with accounting standards, and reduce errors, all of which directly impact the credibility and accuracy of financial statements. This finding aligns with prior research indicating that technical expertise in accounting significantly influences reporting accuracy and quality (Maseko & Manyani, 2011).

Ethical standards emerged as another fundamental competency contributing to high-quality financial statements. Participants noted that accountants who uphold ethical practices demonstrate integrity and transparency, which are essential for trustworthy financial reporting. Ethical practices in accounting prevent manipulations and ensure that financial information accurately reflects the business's true financial position. Accountants who adhere to high ethical standards contribute to reducing the risk of financial misstatements and fostering trust among investors, creditors, and other stakeholders, as confirmed by existing literature emphasizing the role of ethics in financial reporting quality (Nkundabanyanga et al., 2014). The case study findings underscore the need for continuous ethical training to reinforce these values within SME accounting practices, helping to maintain consistent quality in financial reporting.

Regulatory compliance knowledge is also highlighted as a significant factor in improving financial statement quality. Accountants in SMEs who are well-versed in regulatory requirements and current financial standards are better equipped to maintain compliance, which ensures that the financial statements are not only accurate but also align with national and industry-specific standards. Participants shared that frequent updates in regulations necessitate ongoing training for accountants to stay informed of changes that could impact their reporting practices. This ability to interpret and apply regulatory requirements directly enhances the quality of financial statements, corroborating studies that link regulatory knowledge with improved financial compliance and reporting standards (Omar & Simon, 2011).

Analytical skills were identified as a core competency that enhances financial reporting by allowing accountants to evaluate financial trends, interpret data accurately, and provide

insights that support strategic decision-making. Accountants with strong analytical abilities can provide valuable recommendations to business owners, helping them make informed financial decisions. Participants indicated that these skills enable accountants to go beyond basic reporting, adding value by presenting insights that align with organizational goals and inform future planning. This aligns with the findings of prior research showing that analytical competencies in accounting can significantly impact business outcomes through informed decision-making processes (Albu et al., 2011).

The findings suggest that the presence of these core competencies within SMEs' accounting functions not only improves the quality of financial statements but also contributes to broader business performance. High-quality financial statements enhance SMEs' ability to secure financing, attract investors, and build credibility in the market. This is especially crucial in the competitive and resource-constrained environment of SMEs, where accurate financial information is essential for operational sustainability and growth. Thus, the development of targeted training programs focusing on technical, ethical, regulatory, and analytical skills is essential for SMEs seeking to improve financial reporting standards. This study emphasizes the importance of a competency-based approach to accounting within SMEs, providing a pathway to achieve sustainable financial health and increased trust from stakeholders.

#### **Technical Expertise in Financial Reporting**

Technical expertise in financial reporting emerged as a fundamental competency for accountants within SMEs, impacting the accuracy and reliability of financial statements. Accountants with strong technical knowledge in accounting principles and financial standards are able to manage complex data and ensure compliance with national and international reporting requirements. This skill set is critical for producing financial statements that accurately reflect the organization's financial position, allowing SMEs to make sound operational and strategic decisions (Maseko & Manyani, 2011). Participants noted that accountants with technical expertise can navigate complexities in financial reporting, reducing the likelihood of errors that could compromise the credibility of financial statements.

Furthermore, technical expertise enables accountants to interpret financial data in a way that provides actionable insights for business owners. This ability is especially valuable for SMEs, where resource constraints may limit access to advanced financial tools. Accountants who can accurately analyze financial data help SMEs optimize their financial strategies and

improve resource allocation, directly supporting business sustainability. This finding aligns with prior research emphasizing the impact of technical accounting skills on financial reporting quality and decision-making in small businesses (Albu et al., 2011).

#### **Ethical Standards and Integrity in Financial Reporting**

Ethical standards are essential for maintaining transparency and trust in financial reporting. The analysis found that accountants who uphold strong ethical principles contribute significantly to the reliability and credibility of financial statements. Ethical accounting practices prevent the manipulation of financial data and ensure that reports accurately represent the financial realities of the business. This transparency is crucial for SMEs, as trustworthy financial information strengthens relationships with investors, creditors, and other stakeholders (Nkundabanyanga et al., 2014). Participants highlighted that ethical behavior in accounting builds confidence among stakeholders, positioning SMEs as credible entities in the market.

Moreover, the emphasis on ethical standards reflects an increased awareness among SMEs of the reputational risks associated with financial misconduct. Given that SMEs operate in a highly competitive environment, the integrity of their financial statements is critical for attracting funding and maintaining a good reputation. Encouraging ethical behavior through continuous professional development not only strengthens financial reporting but also aligns with regulatory compliance, further enhancing the quality of financial statements (Omar & Simon, 2011).

#### **Regulatory Compliance Knowledge**

The ability to stay updated with regulatory requirements is another key competency that contributes to high-quality financial statements in SMEs. Accountants who are knowledgeable about the latest financial regulations and standards can ensure that financial statements comply with industry-specific requirements, thereby avoiding potential legal and financial penalties. Participants indicated that regulatory compliance knowledge allows accountants to manage risks associated with non-compliance, protecting SMEs from costly fines and legal challenges. This skill is especially important in SMEs where regulatory oversight may not be as stringent as in larger corporations, increasing the potential for unintentional non-compliance (Hillary, 2017).

In addition, regulatory compliance knowledge enables accountants to proactively adapt financial reporting practices in response to evolving industry standards. This adaptability is crucial for SMEs operating in dynamic markets, as compliance with the latest regulations not only enhances financial statement quality but also contributes to building trust with external stakeholders. The findings underscore the need for ongoing training in regulatory updates as a key factor in improving SME accounting practices, aligning with research on the impact of regulatory knowledge on financial reporting quality (Albu et al., 2011).

#### **Analytical Skills for Strategic Decision-Making**

Analytical skills emerged as a core competency that enhances the role of accountants in supporting strategic decision-making within SMEs. Accountants who possess strong analytical skills can evaluate financial data to provide meaningful insights, enabling business owners to make informed decisions. This capability is essential for SMEs, as limited resources often require careful budgeting and resource allocation. Participants shared that accountants with analytical skills contribute to the business by identifying trends and forecasting future financial scenarios, which supports proactive management and strategic planning (Gherai & Balaciu, 2011).

Furthermore, the ability to analyze financial data empowers accountants to go beyond basic reporting functions, adding value through recommendations that align with the SME's goals. For instance, by analyzing cash flow patterns, accountants can advise on strategies to optimize liquidity, thereby improving operational stability. Analytical skills thus position accountants as strategic partners in SME management, a role that strengthens organizational resilience in competitive markets. These findings align with previous studies that highlight the importance of analytical skills in enhancing financial performance and supporting long-term business objectives (Creswell & Poth, 2018).

#### **Communication Skills for Effective Reporting**

Effective communication is vital for ensuring that financial information is understood and utilized by SME owners and other stakeholders. Accountants with strong communication skills can present complex financial data in an accessible format, bridging the gap between technical accounting language and practical business insights. Participants noted that clear communication of financial information enables business owners to make decisions with a full understanding of the financial implications, thereby reducing risks associated with misinterpretation (Kvale & Brinkmann, 2015). This competency is essential in SMEs where

non-financial managers may lack extensive accounting knowledge.

Additionally, good communication fosters collaborative relationships between accountants and other departments within the SME. By effectively explaining financial results and forecasts, accountants can support cross-functional decision-making and ensure that financial considerations are integrated into broader business strategies. This approach aligns with findings from previous research, which underscore the importance of communication in facilitating effective financial management and enhancing the utility of financial statements for organizational decision-making (Merriam & Tisdell, 2016).

#### **Commitment to Continuous Professional Development**

The rapidly changing financial and regulatory environment underscores the importance of continuous professional development for accountants in SMEs. The analysis reveals that accountants who regularly update their skills through professional training are better equipped to handle complex financial reporting challenges. Participants emphasized that continuous learning helps accountants stay abreast of new accounting standards, regulatory updates, and technological advancements, all of which are essential for producing high-quality financial statements. This commitment to ongoing professional growth aligns with industry best practices that advocate for regular training to maintain high standards in financial reporting (Serrat, 2017).

Moreover, continuous professional development fosters adaptability and resilience among accountants, which are essential in the evolving landscape of SME financial management. Accountants who engage in lifelong learning demonstrate a proactive approach to their roles, allowing SMEs to remain competitive and compliant. These findings indicate that investment in professional development is critical for enhancing financial reporting standards within SMEs and ensuring that accountants can respond to the demands of a dynamic market (Yin, 2018).

# 4. Conclusion

This study demonstrates that accountant competencies play a vital role in enhancing the quality of financial statements within small and medium enterprises (SMEs). Key competencies identified include technical knowledge, ethical standards, regulatory compliance, and analytical skills, which collectively contribute to the accuracy, reliability, and relevance of financial information in SMEs. Accountants who possess these skills can

effectively address the specific challenges SMEs face, such as limited resources and less structured financial systems. As a result, these competencies enable accountants to deliver high-quality financial reports, which support better decision-making and ensure compliance with regulatory standards.

Additionally, the findings reveal that continuous professional development is essential for maintaining high competency levels among accountants working in SMEs. Training programs focusing on regulatory updates, ethical practices, and financial analysis skills are particularly important to equip accountants with the necessary tools to adapt to the evolving financial reporting landscape. This study suggests that investment in competency development not only enhances financial statement quality but also strengthens the overall financial health and sustainability of SMEs by promoting transparency and accountability in financial practices.

Overall, this research highlights the importance of prioritizing accountant competencies in the context of SME financial reporting. By ensuring that accountants are well-equipped with relevant skills, SMEs can improve the quality of their financial statements, gain better access to financing, and increase their resilience in a competitive market. These findings offer valuable insights for SME owners, policymakers, and accounting professionals, encouraging them to adopt competency-based approaches to accounting practices, which can lead to long-term economic stability and growth in the SME sector.

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